Statement-II

Achievements of F.P. Programme since 1951

Indicator	1951—61	1981	1991	1992 (prov.)
Annual Exponential Growth Rate (%)	1.96	2.22*	2.14$	1.90@
Birth Rate	41.7	37.2*	29.5	29.0
Death Rate	22.8	15.0*	9.8	10.0
Infant Mortality Rate	146	110	80	79
Total Fertility Rate	5.97	4.5	3.8(1990)	NA
Couple Protection Rate(%)	10.4 (31.3.71)	22.8 (31.3.81)	43.5 (31.3.92)	43.4 (31.3.93)
Cumulative number of births averted (in million)	0.04 (1956—60)	44.19 (31.3.81)	142.9 (31.3.92)	155.6 (31.3.93)
Expectation of life at birth (in years)				
Male	41.9	54.1 (1980)	57.0 (1986—88)	NA
Female	40.6	54.7	57.4	

NA Not Available
$ Refers to 1981—91
@ Natural Growth Rate
* Refers to 1971—81

Source: Registrar General. India Census of Population & Sample Registration System. Department of Family Welfare.

Spreading of AIDS in the Country

1680. SHRI RAMDAS AGARWAL: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the zero-positively rate has gone up from a mere 2.5 per 1,000 of HIV virus to 11.2 per 1,000 population in a period of eight years and that till the end of October, 1993 out of 19,33,884 blood samples as many as 13,448 were found to be HIV positive as reported in the Times of India dated 2nd December, 1993;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof (State-wise) and the reasons for fast increasing rate; and

(c) what positive steps are being taken by Government to fight/control AIDS, through multi-sectoral approach with details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI B. SHANKARANAND): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) State-wise details are given in the enclosed *statement* (*See* below). An analysis of the detected cases indicate that transmission through the sexual route is the major cause of the increasing incidence of HIV infection in the country.

(c) The strategy to prevent and control the further transmission of HIV/AIDS consists of strengthening programme management, generation of awareness amongst risk-behaviour groups and the general public, prevention and control of STD, promotion of Condom for prevention of STD/HIV, blood safety and rational use of Blood and better facilities for Surveillance, diagnosis and management of HIV/AIDS cases. The total programme costing Rs. 222.6 crores for the period 1992—97 is being assisted by a soft loan of US $ 84 million from the World Bank and grant of US $ 1.5 million from World Health Organisation.

Statement

Sero-Surveillance for HIV Infection

Period of report upto: 31st October, 1993 (Provisional)

S. No.	Name	Screened	WB Positive
1.	Andhra Pradesh	32981	143
2.	Assam	8083	5
3.	Bihar	7378	2
4.	Punjab/ Chandigarh	54019	165
5.	Delhi	271656	875
6.	Goa	48621	303
7.	Gujarat	143584	316
8.	Haryana	77339	66
9.	Himachal Pradesh	9648	11
10.	Jammu & Kashmir	5483	12
11.	Karnataka	204252	346
12.	Kerala	31900	179
13.	Madhya Pradesh	38936	51
14.	Maharashtra	182402	5482
15.	Manipur	13976	1886
16.	Mizoram	6140	22
17.	Nagaland	1466	112
18.	Orissa	30350	5
19.	Pondicherry	38689	503
20.	Rajasthan	33370	14
21.	Tamil Nadu	542352	2421
22.	Uttar Pradesh	57119	375
23.	West Bengal	93881	152
24.	Lakshadweep	209	2
	TOTAL	1933834	13448

Adverse Effects of Anti-Diarrhoea Drug

1681. SHRI N. GIRI PRASAD: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware of the adverse comments regarding Anti-diarrhoea drugs for children;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) what are the steps being taken to ban anti-diarrhoea drugs for children?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI B. SHANKARANAND): (a) to (c). Yes, Sir. Some of the anti-diarrhoeal preparations reportedly do not afford adequate anti-diarrhoeal activity and may cause side-effects instead. A specially constituted Committee of experts is screening anti-diarrhoeal preparations for children.

46th Session of WHO

1682. SHRI MAHENDRA PRASAD: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether 46th Session of WHO was held in New Delhi;

(b) if so, whether it was stated in the conference that WHO should help India and other over-populated countries to check the population;

(c) whether spreading of threat of AIDS in various cities was also discussed in the conference; and

(d) to what extent WHO has agreed to help in containing the population and checking the spread of AIDS?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI B. SHANKARANAND): (a) Yes, Sir, it was a meeting of the Regional Committee.

(b) The Minsiter of Health & F.W. in his inaugural address emphasised the inseparable linkage between poverty and over-population and urged WHO to set the pace at the global regional and country levels to help over-populated countries stabilise population at optimum levels.

(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) WHO continues to provide technical assistance and promote mutual cooperation for this purpose.